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No. 36

LABOR UNIONS MAKE PROTEST

To Congress on Interpretation of Laws.

Urge Relief From Grievances Occasioned by Supreme Court's Recent Decision.

On Thursday of last week a memorial was presented to congress of the United States by representatives of eighty-seven national and international trade and labor organizations and farmers organizations assembled in national conference at Washington. This is the conference to which president C. M. Barnett of the American Society of Equity was called on Monday of last week of which we were unable to procure satisfactory report as to its purpose. The scope of the memorial was set forth in the following opening paragraph.

We, the officials representatives of the national and international trade and labor unions and organizations of farmers in National Conference assembled in the District of Columbia, for the purpose of considering and taking action deemed necessary to meet the situation in which the working people are placed by recent decisions of the courts, now appear before congress to voice the earnest and emphatic protest of the workers of the country against the indifference if not actual hostility which Congress has shown to ward the reasonable and righteous measures proposed by the workers for the safeguarding of the rights and interests.

In the name of labor we now urge upon Congress the necessity for immediate action for relief from the most grave and momentous situation which has ever confronted the working people of this country. This crisis has been brought about by the application by the Supreme Court of the United States of the Sherman anti-trust law to the workers, both organized and in their individual capacity.

The workers feel that Congress itself must share our chagrin and sense of injustice when the courts exhibit an utter disregard for the real intent and purpose of laws enacted to safeguard and protect the workers in the exercise of their normal activities.

There is something ominous in the ironic manner in which the courts guarantee workers:

The right to be malmed and killed without liability to the employer.

The right to be discharged for belonging to a union.

The right to work as many hours as employers please and under any conditions which they may impose.

Labor is justly indignant at the bestowal or guaranteeing of these worthless and academic "rights" by the courts, which in the same breath deny and forbid the workers the practical and necessary protection of laws which define and safeguard their rights and liberties and the exercise of them individually or in association.

The "protest" submitted by Mr. Gompers and his associates—Joseph F. Valentine, 8th vice president of the American Federation of Labor; W. R. Fairley of the United Mine Workers' Union of North America; C. M. Barnett of the American Society of Equity; W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Street and Electric Railway Employees and P. J. McArdle, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers—refers to the Supreme Court decision in the hatters' case as "the most recent perversion of the intent of a law by the judiciary by which the Sherman anti-trust law has been made to apply to labor although it was an accepted fact that Congress did not intend the law to so apply and might even have specifically exempted labor but for the fear that the Supreme Court might construe such an affirmative provision to be unconstitutional." The protest continues:

We favor enactment of laws which shall restrict the jurisdiction of courts of equity to property and property rights and shall so define property and property rights that neither nor industry shall there be held to be any property or property rights in the labor or labor power of any person or persons.

The memorial submits to Congress for consideration two amendatory provisions in substance as follows:

That nothing in said act (Sherman anti-trust law) or in this act is in-

tended nor shall any provision thereof hereafter be enforced so as to apply to organizations or associations not for profit and without capital stock nor to the members of such organizations or associations.

That nothing in said act (Sherman anti-trust law) or in this act is intended nor shall any provision thereof hereafter be enforced so as to apply to any arrangements, agreements or combinations among persons engaged in agriculture or horticulture made with a view of enhancing the price of their own agricultural or horticultural products.

Congress is informed that in addition labor urges: The Peace bill, to regulate and limit the issuance of injunctions; the employers liability bill; the bill extending the application of the eight-hour law to all Government employees and those employed on work for the Government by contractor or subcontractor.

Continuing the memorial says:

We come to Congress hoping for a prompt and adequate remedy for the grievances of which we justly complain. The psychological moment has arrived for a total change of governmental policy toward the workers; to permit it to pass may be to invite disaster even to our national life.

In this frank statement of its grievances the attitude of labor should not be misinterpreted nor should it be held as wanting in respect for our highest law-making body.

That the workers, while smarting under a most keen sense of injustice and neglect turn first to Congress for a remedy shows how greatly they still trust in the power and willingness of this branch of the Government to restore safeguard and protect their rights.

While no member of Congress or party can evade or avoid his or their own individual or party share of responsibility, we aver that the party in power must and will by labor and its sympathizers, be held primarily responsible for the failure to give prompt, full and effective congressional relief we know to be within its power.

Speaker Cannon and Vice President Fairbanks announced their belief that the present Congress will pass an employers' liability act which will meet and overcome the unconstitutionality of the present law pointed out by the Supreme Court of the United States in a recent decision.

SHOCKING CRIME ON AN INFANT GIRL

Brute Attempted An Assault on Baby Girl Two Years Old Near Central City.

Central City, March 24.—The suburbs of Central City has again been the scene of another horrible crime. The two year old child of Della Reed Chism was assaulted at the home of its mother at the Bluff just a mile from here and now is in a critical condition with small hope for its recovery.

Saturday while its mother was absent from home, Henry Wedding a young man 20 years of age is accused of having entered the house, and after committing other indignities to the child, attempted to commit an assault. In order to carry out his vile intentions he cut the child with a knife. The mother did not reveal the crime until Sunday, when as Wedding passed her home, while she was talking to "Uncle Jimmy" Basham and others she remarked: "There is the man who cut my child." She seemed frightened and refused to say any more but investigation revealed the state of affairs and she claims that Wedding had threatened to kill her if she told. The sheriff was notified and learned that Wedding was taking steps to leave he deputized Mr. Tade Foley, of South Carrollton, to make the arrest. Mr. Foley found him at the home of his uncle Charlie Whitehouse just across the river at the South Carrollton Ferry, and brought him to Central City. Deputy Sheriff Charlie Blackwell took possession of him here and delivered him to the jailer of Greenville. Wedding stoutly denies the crime, but children old enough to know, state that they saw him. Just a few weeks ago he was accused of having shot a flagman at Henderson but was released on account of lack of evidence. The community is aroused and there is strong talk of a mob dealing with him. Guards will be placed at the Greenville jail to protect the man. Wedding is the son of Park Wedding.

STRONG APPEAL TO MEMBERS

Of American Society of Equity For Order.

President J. Campbell Cantrill Makes a Plea For Law and Order.

J. Campbell Cantrill, president of the Kentucky Union of the Society of Equity, has issued an address to the members of the society appealing to them to do all in their power to preserve law and order. His card in full follows:

To the members of the American Society of Equity in Kentucky—Greeting: The deplorable condition of affairs existing in our State to-day puts a great responsibility upon our shoulders. A feeling of unrest and uneasiness pervades the whole State and in some localities riots have occurred and anarchy exists.

"As president of this great Society of Equity, I know that this society is in no way responsible for this terrible condition and with all law-loving citizens condemn those who have brought this disgrace upon the fair name of our State. However, each member of our society should thoroughly understand that in the minds of many people in Kentucky and in the Nation we are considered responsible to some degree, and we must meet conditions as they are. I call upon each local union of the American Society of Equity in Kentucky to do all in its power to preserve the peace and maintain law and order in the community where said union is organized. I ask that each member in his word and action so conduct himself that he will compel the respect of all classes of people and reflect honor upon our society.

"Our society has done more to increase the material wealth and prosperity of our people than any organization that ever existed in the history of the State. The organization of the Kentucky farmers and the teaching of co-operation in selling our products have upon the one commodity of tobacco alone added eighteen million dollars annually to the wealth of Kentucky.

"In the four great tobacco districts of Kentucky our annual production is about 300,000,000 pounds. Since the organization of our society we have advanced by our methods of selling, the price on tobacco 6 cents a pound to disrupt our organization would be a public calamity and would throw the tobacco growers of the State back into the old state of servitude and slavery to the trust.

"Law and order must and will prevail in this State and in the Nation. Any organization to succeed must have the stamp of public confidence and esteem. Any society which is held responsible before the bar of public opinion for the overthrow of law and order must finally be a failure. The great duty now resting upon the Society of Equity in Kentucky and the different tobacco organizations which are branches of the Society of Equity is to try to stamp out lawlessness in every form and to help the civil authorities in every way to punish the guilty and maintain the mamb guilty and maintain the peace of the Commonwealth. Let each member of our society thoroughly know that the loss of public opinion means the failure of our organization and upon the other side that the holding of public opinion means our success. Success is imperative but it must come with clean hands so as to be creditable and enjoyable to all who participate in it.

"Those living outside of the tobacco district do not appreciate the great struggles and sacrifices that have been made by the farmers who have pooled their tobacco. They do not know and cannot fully understand with out being on the ground what burdens our people have to carry and what they have to suffer for the sake of a principle and for their loyalty to our cause.

"A great majority of the tobacco growers of Kentucky belong to our associations. The minority who do not belong to these associations have been feeding the trust and receiving very high price for their tobacco which our people by their suffering and sacrifice have secured for them.

"And while I call upon our own people to stand true to the law of the land I call upon those farmers outside

of our association to stand true to a higher law—a moral obligation due one from another and from brother to brother in this great cause of humanity.

"If those farmers outside of the pool will bury greed and avarice and do their full duty in this hour of trouble and turmoil and join hands and hearts with our people peace, happiness and prosperity will cover the State and make us a united people.

"The last Legislature passed several bills which will be of great help to our tobacco organizations, notably the bill imposing a fine of \$250 upon one selling or buying pooled tobacco. The buying of pooled tobacco has been the chief cause of trouble in the State. We must look to this law for relief and protection. I feel sure that the penalty imposed by the law will be sufficient to stop the buying of pooled tobacco. With a stringent law upon this point there can be absolutely no excuse for any set of men taking the law in their own hands to punish a man who violates his contract with his association.

There are thousands of tobacco growers in Kentucky who have their tobacco pooled who are not members of the American Society of Equity. I ask and implore every tobacco grower to take membership in the Society of Equity. It is the bulwark against the oppression of the Tobacco Trust and the defender of your rights and of your homes.

"In conclusion my brothers in Equity, our society having accomplished so much for the welfare of the Kentucky tobacco grower, let us turn our attention to the conditions which surround us and do our full duty as citizens in helping to restore peace and harmony among Kentuckians, never forgetting our duty to our society but remembering our own victory is not secure when riot prevails and where civil law is a nullity and a sham. Fraternally,

J. CAMPBELL CANTRILL,
President American Society of Equity in Kentucky."

FORTHE BUSY READER.

The bill prepared by the National Civic Federation after conference with the President and representatives of capital and labor to relieve the stringency of the Sherman anti-trust law was introduced in the House Monday by Representative Hepburn, of Iowa.

W. F. Neikirk, the State Fire Marshal, has turned his attention from Western Kentucky to the Bluegrass and will investigate the raids in Woodford and Scott counties. Mr. Neikirk has investigated twenty-nine fires, brought about three indictments and has prepared much other evidence for submission to grand juries.

Butler McClanahan, Jr., and Henry Fanning, prominent farmers, have been arrested on the charge of the murder of Hiram Hedges in Nicholas county Friday night. Warrants were sworn out by Mrs. Hedges, and it is understood that others are to follow. The men live only a short distance from the scene of the killing.

The American Federation of Labor and President Gompers and others of that organization were permanently enjoined from "conspiring, agreeing or combining to obstruct or destroy" the business of the Buck Stove and Range Company in a decision rendered by Chief Justice Clabaugh, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Mayor James P. Smith, of Paducah, headed in person a raid on the gambling and disorderly houses of that city, during which a large number of arrests were made and some gambling paraphernalia destroyed. Evidence on which the Mayor acted was obtained by Pinkerton detectives, who were working without the knowledge of the police force.

In Memory.

Of little Delbert Wilcox, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bryant Wilcox, aged 1 year 9 months and 8 days died at their home in Central City March 2 of bowel trouble after 1 month of suffering. His dear little body was taken to Ohio county and laid beside his little brother and sister at Pon Run church. Delbert was the baby brother in a family of three children and was almost idolized by the parents and two little sisters. One That Loved Him.

APPEAL TO VOTERS OF THIS STATE.

The Fairbanks Men Issue an Address to the Rank

And Set Forth the Advantages to Be gained by the Nomination of the Indianian.

As a result of the conference of Fairbanks leaders in Louisville Tuesday an address to the Republicans of Kentucky was issued appealing to them to stand by the Vice President for the presidential nomination.

The address to the voters prepared by two representatives from each congressional district was adopted as follows:

To the Republicans of Kentucky: At a conference of Republicans of the State of Kentucky this day held in Louisville Ky., in the interest of Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks, this address to the Republicans of Kentucky was adopted and was directed to be signed by the undersigned committee and published.

The great majority of the Republican voters of Kentucky have no selfish interest in the outcome of the struggle for the Presidential nomination, but do most earnestly desire the nomination of a candidate who can certainly be elected. They also anxiously desire the nomination of a candidate who can carry Kentucky.

Conceding the distinguished ability and services of Mr. Taft, we believe that it might prove unwise to nominate him, for the reason that the labor vote and the negro vote are hostile to him and because his campaign is being directed and controlled by Federal office holders and if nominated his nomination will be chiefly due to their activity and efforts, which fact will in our judgment greatly weaken him as a candidate before the people.

If the Republican party is to win in the nation this year it must have for its Presidential candidate one who will appeal to and command every element of party strength. The loss to our ticket of a substantial portion of the Republican labor vote, or of the negro vote, or of a large stay-at-home or indifferent Republican vote, would make almost certain the election of a Democratic President. The loss to us of all these elements would make certain Democratic success.

We believe that Vice President Fairbanks, Indiana's favorite son and our friend and neighbor, would combine these and all elements of party strength and that if nominated he will be triumphantly elected. We also believe that his nomination will insure Kentucky's electoral vote for the Republican ticket.

We believe that the exalted character the distinguished and patriotic services of the Vice President his unswerving and effective devotion to the great principles and policies of our party throughout his career and especially during the McKinley and Roosevelt administrations, his freedom from political entanglements or elements of political weakness his personality and life history all con- siderate of our party in the great struggle that is approaching.

The Republicans of Kentucky are not ingrates. They know that the Republicans of no State in the Union have stood by them as have the Republicans of Indiana. This has always been true. Never have the Republicans of Kentucky asked a favor of the Republicans of Indiana that was not accorded. Their kindness to us has been so uniform so varied and of such long standing that we know it to be of the noblest most unselfish character. To-day we are the everlasting debtors of Indiana. Our indebtedness we can never fully discharge. Let us now in this hour of opportunity repay in some small measure, that indebtedness by instructing our delegates to vote for Indiana's choice. It should be the delight of Kentucky Republicans to support him. Let us give him our loyal unstinted support and we shall not stand alone. Republicans throughout the length and breadth of the country are accepting him as the solution of this struggle. His nomination is the logic of the situation.

As Kentucky goes the nation may go

We appeal to the Republicans of Kentucky to stand by Indiana. Go to the county convention on April 25 and vote for delegates pledged for Fairbanks.

Also vote for committeemen who will serve the party unselfishly. Ask those Federal officeholders who may wish you to make them chairman of your committees to be content with what they have and to allow the boys in the trenches to have some voice in the party management.

W. O. Bradley, W. F. Schuerman, John W. Yerkes, H. C. Howard, Wm. H. Holt, Joseph W. Calvert, W. J. Deboe, W. W. Wiseman, Edward Thomas, Wiley Searcey, Lawson Reno, T. A. Field, A. H. Anderson, H. R. Dysard, A. J. Oliver, John G. White, W. O. Belcher, W. J. Seitz, Ben L. Bruner, Benjamin Sewell, C. M. Barnett, W. T. Davis, Albert Scott, Sawyer A. Smith, M. H. Gabbart, R. S. Rives, M. H. Thatcher, W. H. McRidley, J. G. Tomlin.

CHOPPED TO DEATH WITH HIS OWN AX. Alfred Cherry Kills His Brother-in-law With an Ordinary Ax.

A most sensational homicide occurred in the Pond Run neighborhood last Saturday. The principals in the unfortunate tragedy were Wayne Baxter and his half-witted or idiot brother-in-law, Alfred Cherry.

Cherry, as the story goes, has been adjudged an idiot by due process of law and thereby draws \$75 a year from the State. He lived with Baxter, who was his brother-in-law, and who was also his committee. As such committee Baxter drew the money. He had a few days previous made such a draw and had gone to Central City and procured a jug of liquor. He tanked up pretty well and of course started a rough house, chased his wife around the house several times with the avowed intention of giving her a thrashing when he caught her. Cherry was out in the horse-lot near by and heard the trouble. He came to his sister's rescue carrying the fatal weapon, the ax, with him. Baxter seeing him coming attempted to enter the house to get his gun. As he ascended the door steps Cherry struck him in the back knocking him down and without letting him up put an end to his existence. The story is told in the following evidence given before the jury sworn to hold the inquest:

Evidence given by witnesses hereinafter named, at inquest held over the dead body of Wayne Baxter on the 21st, of March, 1908.

Mrs. Sarah Baxter (wife of said Wayne Baxter) after being sworn, stated that her husband threatened to kill her and pursued her around the house some three or four times, started into the house to get his gun to shoot her, and just at that time her brother, Alfred Cherry, came with an ax and attacked her husband and struck him several times with the ax. She turned back and pushed her brother away and kept him from cutting him any more with the ax, and that her husband died in two or three minutes from the wounds received with the ax in the hands of her brother, Alfred Cherry.

Nate Baxter, son of the deceased, stated on oath that when he got to the house that his father was dead from the wounds inflicted with an ax in the hands of Alfred Cherry.

Alfred Cherry, an adjudged idiot, stated on oath that he had left the house to avoid a difficulty with his brother-in-law, Wayne Baxter and had not gotten far when he heard his sister screaming and looked back and saw her husband running after her and threatening to kill his sister, and that he ran back and got an ax and just as his brother-in-law was stepping into the house to get his gun he struck him in the back with the ax. He (Baxter) fell on the floor of the porch and he struck him several times about the face and neck with the ax, killing him.

Esq. John H. Miles held the inquest and the following jury after hearing the evidence, returned the following verdict:

We, the jury, find that Wayne Baxter, came to his death by wounds inflicted with an ax in the hands of Alfred Cherry, on the 21st day of March, 1908.

W. B. FULKERSON,
T. H. GRAHAM,
H. B. BOWEN,
R. L. BROWN,
N. A. BROWN,
A. P. ROBINSON.

KILLED ON HIS OWN DOOR STEP

While Pleading With Night Riders to Leave.

Had Promised to Destroy Plant Beds and Not to Plant Others.

Charlottesville, Ky., March 21.—A band of masked and heavily armed night riders shot and killed Hiram Hedges on the doorstep of his home where he stood and pleaded with them to go away about midnight last night. According to the statement of C. H. Hedges son of the murdered man, there were about seventy-five men in the party.

Young Hedges says that he was awakened by some one throwing rocks against the house. His father came into his room carrying a shotgun and said: "Son, there are too many of them out there for me to fight." The two then went to the front door, the father leaving his gun. He opened the door and inquired of the men what they wanted. He was told to step out on the porch which he did. They then ordered him to come out onto the steps and he again complied. "I want to say to you," he said, "that I have never done anything but what is right toward the society. I have planted one bed and intended planting another, but if you will go away and do no harm I will plow up the bed I intended planting and never put canvas on the other. It may be a joke you coming here, but I wish you would go away."

At this juncture, a shot was fired. Hedges cried: "I am shot," and staggered back into the house. His son put him on a bed and returned to the door. One of the riders asked "where's the old man?" "He is shot," replied the young man. Several exclaimed that they did not believe it. Young Hedges asked some of them to leave their guns and come in and see. Six of them came to the house, three entering and the other standing guard at the door. Those who entered came out of the house and reported that Hedges was shot. The gang then rode away up the Lexington and Mayesville turnpike.

It does the Business.

Mr. E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Maine, says of Bucklen's Arnica Salve: "It does the business; I have used it for piles and it cured them. Used it for chapped hands and it cured them. Applied it to an old sore and it healed it without leaving a scar behind." 25c. at all druggists. m

Diamonds to be Cheaper.

London, March 8.—There is a probability according to the Daily Mail, that the diamond monopoly will be broken up through the non-renewal of the contract, which expires this month between the Premier Diamond Mining Company and the Diamond Syndicate which hitherto has taken the output of both the Premier and the De Beers companies in case the contract is not renewed war will be declared by the Premier company against the De Beers.

The Diamond Syndicate practically controls the world's output, amounting to about \$50,000,000 annually. Early in the year there was a depression in the diamond market of the world resulting from the financial stringency in America and the money situation in Europe. In order to maintain the price of diamonds the Premier company announced a considerable reduction in their monthly output and the Diamond Syndicate also came to the support of the market deciding that there should be no reduction in the prices of stones. It was believed at that time that the slackness of American demand would be short-lived.

A Higher Herith Level.

"I have reached a higher health level since I began using Dr. King's New Life Pills," writes Jacob Springer, of West Franklin, Maine. "They keep my stomach, liver and bowels working just right." If these pills disappoint you on trial, money will be refunded at all druggists 25c. m

J. C. Toljacquire More Railroad

Macon, Ga., March 1.—Chairman McLendon of the Georgia Railroad Commission has made public a signed statement in which he gives reasons for his conclusions that E. H. Harriman will transfer his Central of Georgia stock to the Illinois Central and make the Georgia Central a part of the latter system. Mr. McLendon says that President Hanson, of the Georgia Central, appeared before his board November 8, 1907 "and stated that by direction of E. H. Harriman he appeared before the commission to say that while the stock of the Central, all except a few shares stood on the books of the company in the names of Oakleigh Thorne and Marsden J. Perry it in fact was owned by E. H. Harriman having been purchased

by him on June 16, 1907 from the Southern Railway Company for \$2,000,000. Thorne and Perry acting merely as his agents, and receiving for their service a fee or commission of 5 per cent.

President Hanson further said that Mr. Harriman had purchased the stock with the intention of transferring it to the Illinois Central, but that as his control of the Illinois Central was then in litigation, it was his (Harriman's) desire that the Georgia Railroad Commission would not give out to the public what his purpose was until after the election of directors of Illinois Central an event then scheduled for December 18, as I now recollect. This election was postponed from time to time and was finally held this week in Chicago and Mr. Harriman, having elected his directors, the presumption is that the Central of Georgia stock will become the property of the Illinois Central."

MOST IMPORTANT MEASURES PUT TO SLEEP.

Recent Legislature Passed a Few Good Bills and Did Not Pass Several.

The most prominent measures that were put to sleep and failed of passage at the session just closed are:

Extension of county unit local option law to every county and abolishment of exemption of elites of first four classes as separate units. The bill passed the House by a large majority but could not muster sufficient strength in the Senate.

McChord tobacco bill to place tobacco industry under police power of the State. This measure which was aimed at the so-called tobacco trust, was killed in the upper branch after it had swept everything before it in the House.

Repeal of the Croan Dog Tax law which provides for a \$1 tax on each dog. A substitute allowing one dog free and a fifty-cent tax on all other passed the House but never got any further than its second reading in the Senate. Over a score of dog law repeal bills were introduced in both branches.

Republican redistricting measures, providing for the reapportionment of the State into Congressional and legislative districts which died in committee.

Cureton Bill providing for a change in the code relating to the venue of action in libel case. The purpose of the bill the passage of which was asked by every newspaper in the State was to change the present iniquitous law which gives the right to a person to sue a newspaper in any county in the State and confine the action for libel to the county in which the plaintiff resides or the newspaper is published or in the county in which the alleged libel was committed. This bill passed the Senate with only one dissenting vote, but was held up by the Rules Committee until it was too late to get through, although it would have passed by practically a unanimous vote.

Wyatt bill, regulating telephone, telegraph and express companies and placing them under the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Railroad Commission to fix rates, tolls and charges. The measure passed the Senate after a hard fight but was prevented from getting its third reading in the House.

Bills reducing the present State tax rate and providing for a two-cent rate and providing for a two-cent-a-mile passenger rate on railroad in this State never got past the committees to which they were referred.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, hear failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. I kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisonous blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MILDEST WINTER IN HISTORY.

Weather Bureau Says It Has Been Unique

Seven Degrees Above The Lowest Point Reached by the Mercury.

In point of the absence of intense cold the winter of 1907-1908 has been the mildest ever recorded by the weather department. While there are other winter on record which show a larger number of degrees of heat during the ninety days of the winter months, none equaled the winter just passed in point of evenness of temperature.

Although it has not so seemed at times, a steady temperature has been maintained from day to day throughout the entire period, and as is the rarest of events in scores of years for this territory, the thermometer did not once reach zero. The coldest weather of the year was on February 2, when the thermometer fell to 7 degrees above zero. This is considered a remarkably placid performance of the elements.

While the winter just passed shows only a few immaterial degrees of temperature more than the normal heat and could have been so evenly distributed that no discomfort whatever has been experienced from weather inconsistencies. Other winters which have been record-breakers for the total number of degrees of heat during the season have been interspersed at times with intensely cold weather, a discomfort that the past winter has inflicted at no time.

Contrary to what might be expected from the unusually beautiful weather, sickness has been prevalent and deaths from pneumonia numerous.

Man Who Shaves Loses His God Given Beauty.

Dr. Wendell, a noted German authority, has declared that God intends man to be more beautiful than women. Among birds and beasts it is the male who always has the extra adornment. The peacock is gorgeous, while its consort is plain and humble in appearance. Whiskers, says Dr. Wendell gives a man a great advantage over woman in the beauty line.

That women have reached a point of physical development where they are generally considered as better looking than men is due, he claims to the greater care they take of themselves and the time they give to personal adornment.

All men need to do to win the beauty prize is to give more time and attention to their appearance and let their whiskers grow full and free. The only men who claim that they knew this all along are the star matinee actors.

Your Town--It is up to You.

Don't sit around and damn your town.

A town is just as good as the man who damns it.

Every town is just what the citizens want it to be.

A desire on the part of a people for a better town is a prayer that it always answered.

The advantages of one town over another are the results of the people rather than natural conditions.

In any event, it was the people who first saw the natural advantages—frequently some one individual saw them first.

There is no reason why Cleveland should have been the oil center of the world. There are no oil wells there, and shipping facilities are no better than a dozen others so far as oil is concerned. It was simply John D. Rockefeller. He wanted to live there and his personality, his individuality, brought the oil to him in pipe lines.

There's no reason Boston should be the shoe manufacturing center of the world. No hides are there—they are all shipped from the West. Simply some man who knew how to make shoes on a large scale wanted to live there and his success started others along the same line.

There is no physical reason why Chicago should have been the beef packing center. It might as well have been St. Louis simply old Phil Armour wanted to live there.

In nearly every one you visit you hear a resident say: "Aw, this ain't nothin' but an overgrown country town." The resident of any town who make such a statement wears whiskers and boots in his own heart.

Of course, if your town isn't sporty enough for you, why, you can move; that isn't the town's fault.

If you get too sporty you'll have to move anyhow.

Cincinnati is still the mercantile supply point for all territory south of Mason & Dixon's line. Years ago, at the winding of the river traffic, it was about to give place to Louisville and Memphis. The citizens got busy and built the Cincinnati Southern railroad. This railroad was once a dream in

one individual's mind. They called him a dreamer. Yet his dream saved the town.

You can hear people of the West in mercantile, industrial artistic and scientific pursuits saying: "If we were only in Chicago we could get this or that." In Chicago you hear people say: "If we were only in New York." When you are in New York you hear them say: "If only we were in London or Paris." Chicago, New York, London or Paris are simply the results of their citizens taking the material at hand and doing the best they could with it—just as you can do.

Any place is what the men who live in it make it.

If your town is not to your liking, get busy; it's up to you.

The first process in the improvement of any town is to get rid of the men who are damning it.

Take Your Choice.

Have you ever almost run into some one on the street, and then dodge from side to side for half a minute, vainly endeavoring to pass, while the other person by some strange fatality blocked your every move by trying to pass you in the same way?

Such was the recent experience of a young man in Portland Maine. He and a strange young woman had been going through this performance for several seconds, when his unwilling visual-vision staggered him by saying:

"Well, hurry up! Which is it to be—a waltz or a two-step."—Woman's Home Companion for April.

CUPID OVER WORKED IN ISTHMUS OF PANAMA

Utterly Impossible For Woman to Remain Single Unless She Has Heart of Stone

Panama is one place where leap year is not needed. Miss Helen Varie Boswell who organized the women's club on the isthmus, at the instance of the government told the members of the Portia Club:

"Cupid is tremendously overworked down there," said Miss Bosworth. "It is impossible to keep a woman single. At one of the hospitals they told me that they had lost seventeen nurses by matrimony from April to June, and sent word to the State that they positively would not take young nurses and very plain ones must be sent. The nurses become engaged to the men returning to Panama on the way down on the steamers."

"Everything is provided for the married—quarters, houses, furniture drinking water, and there is nothing to get but food and clothing. A wife is a very comfortable adjunct to a man's life, and the bachelor quarters are being constantly depleted. A man in Panama gets about twice the money he would here for the same work and there is no way to spend money. I think that is one reason it has been hard for the women. It is a very good place to save."

A Wonderful Tree.

The carnauba, palm of Brazil is said to be the world's most useful tree. It gives everything from medicine to cattle food. Its roots make a valuable drug, a blood purifier. Its timber takes a high polish and is in demand among cabinet makers for fine work; The sap becomes wine or vinegar according to the way it is prepared and starch and sugar are also obtained from this sap. The fruit of the tree is a cattle food, the nut is a good coffee substitute and the pith makes corks.

Unhappy Marriage

The universal expectation of married lives will always be happy ones. Deluded dreamers! They imagine that they are different from other people, and that when they enter the portal of matrimony, love peace and prosperity will ever be their attendants. Such ones had better by far consider themselves the same as others, but form iron resolutions that will keep them from dangerous coasts upon which so many have been wrecked and ruined. Unhappy marriage depend upon many causes—Previous to marriage, many try to appear more intellectual, more amiable, or more accommodating than they really are. Depend upon it, that love brought in to existence by a moonlight stroll strengthened by deceit and fashionable displays, and finally consummated through the influence of intriguing friends, will fade in after life almost as far as the flowers which compose the bridal wreath.

Revision Up as Well as Down.

Expressing the belief that the Tariff will be revised at a special session of Congress following immediately upon the inauguration, Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania said, in his recent speech on the floor of the House:

"The tariff will be revised up or down as may be necessary to make it really protective."

If the tariff plank in the platform of the national Republican convention makes any declaration at all on the sub-

THE KENTUCKY Light and Power Co.

(INCORPORATED)

WILL WIRE YOUR HOUSE AT COST.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS ARE CLEAN, HEALTHY AND SAFE. NO HOME OR BUSINESS HOUSE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM, WHEN IN REACH.

M. L. HEAVRIN, Manager.

Ohio County Supply Co.

(Incorporated.)

Hartford, - Ky.

Hardware, Machinery and all Kinds of Farming Implements.

We carry a complete line of Buggies and Surreys. When you buy a Buggy, you do not want to make a mistake in material and workmanship. We handle only the best makes and can therefore recommend all our vehicles. Can make prices to suit all customers. Agent for the famous Oliver Chilled Plows, Blount, True Blue and Moline with all repairs for same.

A full line of fence wire, Steel and Felt Roofing, Myer's Deep Well Pumps, Cultivators, Disc Harrows and Drills. Also, all kinds of Field Seeds.

We handle the following well known brands of Wagons: Mitchell, Mogul, Blount and Owensboro. Also, Deering and Milwaukee Harvesting Machinery.

We sell the best Gasoline Engine on the market, and Corn Crushers and Meal Mills to connect with same, Lawn Mowers and Swings. The largest supply house in Ohio county. Give us a call. Prices always equitable.

Tonsilitis

is swelling and inflammation of the glands at the side of the throat.

Sloan's Liniment

used as a gargle and applied to the outside of the throat reduces the swelling and gives instant relief.

For Croup, Quinsey Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pain in Chest or Lungs this liniment is unsurpassed.

Sloan's Liniment is indispensable when travelling because it is penetrating, warming, soothing, healing and antiseptic.

Price 25c, 50c & \$1.00
Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass. U.S.A.



ject of revision, it cannot do better than to adopt Mr. Dalzell's phraseology. In the present condition of industry, trade and business—and it is safe to assume that the condition will not have materially changed by the middle of June—there is an absolute need of assurance that adequate Protection in all schedules will be provided. That would necessitate an increase in some of the duties. Imports of more than \$800,000,000 a year of dutiable and competitive commodities prove conclusively that in some lines of production the duties are too low. What the business of the country needs is to be certain that Protection is not going to be revised out of the Tariff to the detriment of American labor and industry. There has been enough already of that sort of Tariff revision.

Poor Lo Signs With His Thumbs.

When Poor Lo makes an agreement with Uncle Sam nowadays merely making his mark in the middle of his name written by some one else does not go any more. Instead his thumb print is attached to the paper.

Lo developed a poor memory about signature made by some one else. Usually after a few months he would swear he never made the disputed mark.

In 1905 Indian Commissioner Leupp devised the thumb print signature plan. From the date of its adoption it

has been a winner. Lo attaches great importance to his thumb print. He never disowns it. He is proud of the fact there is only one like it in the world. It cannot be counterfeited, neither can it be denied. Uncle Sam's as pleased as Poor Lo.

The agreement with the Indians of the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota, made in January, 1907 was signed with finger prints.

The "pure food law" is designed by the Government to protect the public from injurious ingredients in both food and drugs. It is beneficial both to the public and to the conscientious manufacturer. Ely's Cream Balm, a successful remedy for cold in the head, nasal catarrh, hay fever, etc., containing no injurious drugs meets fully the requirements of the new law, and that fact is prominently stated on every package. It contains none of the injurious drugs which are required by the law to be mentioned on the label. Hence you can use it safely.

Real Estate.

400 Acres on I. C. R. R. between Horton and Rosine, 200 acres in woodland consisting of a large quantity of merchantable timber, 200 acres in cultivation, good dwelling, good barn, well watered, fine orchard, will grow fine corn, wheat, tobacco, hay, etc. Price right, terms reasonable. Will sell as whole or divide to suit purchaser.

WILLIAMS & MILLER,
BEAVER DAM, - KENTUCKY.



RESOLVED
THAT IF YOU WISH TO
SHINE YOU MUST WEAR
STYLISH SHOES
YOUR FEET ARE HARD
TO HIDE. YOU NEEDN'T
IF YOU WEAR OUR
SHOES.

77 COPYRIGHT 1906 BY THE GUYTON BROWN CO. STYLISH SHOES

Shoes for Ladies.

We can make your feet shine if you will come direct to us for your Spring Footwear. For ladies in our high-grade Footwear we are exclusive agents for the well advertised Patrician Shoes at \$3.50 and \$4. None so good. None wear so well. None retain their shape as they do. Our Priesmeyer Shoes in medium priced goods are well known. Twenty years experience in handling this one brand stands as a guarantee as to their wear. High in quality, medium in price—\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

Shoes for Men.

Our up-to-date correct shape guaranteed Patent Leather Shoes have no equal for style and wear. Made on snappy last. Come in Vici, Gun Metal and Patent Leather. Your choice—Shoe or Oxfords. You will sure shine in a pair of these—\$3.50 and \$4.00 a pair. Our American Gentlemen Shoes in medium priced goods should appeal to every shoe wearer. Come in all grades—\$2.00, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Do not neglect your feet. You owe them a duty. If you do not think they do you good, try doing without them awhile. Why not show your appreciation for your feet by getting them a good pair of Shoes?

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

SCHROADER & CO.'S

SPECIAL CASH PRICE LIST FOR THIS WEEK.

1 bushel of fancy eating potatoes	\$1.00	7 packages Jumbo bluing	25c
9 pounds pure hog lard	1.00	1 doz. cans best sugar corn	90c
18 lbs best granulated sugar	1.00	3 lbs fine prunes	25c
1 pound best ground pepper	20c	1 barrel best patent flour	5.75
5 gallons standard coal oil	70c	1 barrel straight patent flour	5.40
6 pounds Arbuckle Coffee	1.00	3 glasses pure honey	25c
1 peck fine eating apples	50c	6 cans oil sardines	25c
1 gallon guaranteed pure New Orleans molasses	75c	3 cans best salmon	25c
6 cakes fine laundry soap	25c	We are headquarters for all kinds of Groceries all at lowest prices. Goods delivered free in town. Cash paid for all kinds of good produce. Home phone No. 133.	
6 boxes Capitol matches	25c		

Hartford Republic

FRIDAY, MARCH 27.

Illinois Central Railroad Time Table.

North Bound.	South Bound.
No. 122 due 6:30 a. m.	No. 121 due 11:31 a. m.
No. 123 due 12:30 p. m.	No. 101 due 2:48 p. m.
No. 102 due 2:48 p. m.	No. 101 due 8:20 p. m.

Save your grocery orders for T. L. Royal.

A new lot of Hats just in at Carson & Co's.

Bring your Eggs and Feathers to Carson & Co.

For Rush Park unrivaled garden seed see U. S. Carson.

New Brown stripes in Boys' Clothing at Barnard & Co's.

Mr. R. L. Tweddell is building a residence on Render street.

Window Shades made to order, any size—Hartshorn Rollers.

Mr. J. D. Duke is planning the erection of a nice residence on Madison street.

Don't fail to see Carson & Co's new spring Suits—the most up-to-date Clothing in town.

Why not buy that new Hat for spring? Barnard & Co's stock is new and up-to-the-minute in style.

We have a complete line of new Oxfords for both ladies and gents, with style, snap and wear.

Carson & Co.

Royal the groceryman will appreciate your trade.

Bring your country produce to T. L. Royal Hartford, Ky.

The freshest Groceries are found at T. L. Royal's Hartford, Ky.

For Sale—Four work mules, apply to C. W. Crumes, Rosine Ky.

Miss Nannie Moseley, city, was a pleasant caller yesterday.

C. F. Vissman Bacon and Lard constantly on hand at U. S. Carson's.

We are headquarters for Dress Goods, Clothing and Shoes.

We have a nice lot of new Gingham, Madras, Etc. Call and see them.

Ask Barnard & Co. for the new Phantom Stripes in Woolen Dress Goods.

The Hartford Mill Co. has a lot of very fine brick to sell, also pure lead and oil.

Mr. Pearl Tweddell has moved into the John W. Taylor residence on Render street.

Miss Bertha May Leach, Owensboro, is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Heavrin.

Mr. J. W. Stevens, Utica, who is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Joe Ford, Beaver Dam, called to see us yesterday.

Mrs. Jennie Moseley arrived from Bowling Green yesterday to visit her brother, Capt. S. K. Cox, and family.

Mrs. Moseley formerly lived in Hartford and has many friends here.

Mr. William Chamberlin, city, is quite ill of Measles.

Brother Perry Weaver will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning and night.

Hon. M. L. Heavrin, left yesterday for Louisville and Cincinnati. He will return Monday.

Mrs. James R. Felix, who has been quite ill of measles for some time, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Nall, Mayfield, Ky., are the guests of Mr. Nall's mother Mrs. A. T. Nall.

Judge R. R. Wedding was in Leitchfield on legal business the latter part of last week.

All orders for groceries will be promptly filled and delivered on application to U. S. Carson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Render arrived a few days ago and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Render.

Sheriff E. D. Martin, and Messrs. W. C. Lindsey and E. G. Barriss were in Louisville the first of the week.

Messrs. J. H. Gray of the East Hartford neighborhood, and Dr. J. S. Bean, Olaton, were among our callers Wednesday.

Miss Lucy Rock who has been confined to her room with measles for the past few weeks, entered college again Thursday.

Miss Margaret Marks has accepted the position as clerk in the Hartford post office, made vacant by the resignation of Miss Edith Carson.

Messrs. Jno. W. Lanham, Tom Whitehouse and H. A. Babbitt, Magan, R. W. Taylor and N. M. Taylor Wysox were among our callers Tuesday.

President C. M. Barnett left yesterday afternoon for Louisville to attend a meeting of the State Board of Directors of the American Society, of Equity.

Wednesday the Court of Appeals affirmed the case of Dr. W. M. Warden against the M. H. & E. R. R. Co. This was the second appeal and finally determines the case.

C. E. Hiles a young man about thirty years of age was tried for lunacy before a jury in Judge Taylor's court Monday, and was ordered to the Hopkinsville asylum.

Members of Acme Lodge, No. 339, are called to meet in Masonic Hall at 7 o'clock Monday evening, March 30th. Work in initiatory degree. Please attend promptly. G. B. Likens, N. G.

R. R. Riley has been appointed agent for a high-class Life Insurance Company. If you want life Insurance at a reasonable cost see him at the First National Bank, Hartford, Ky.

Mr. Joseph H. Smith, of Rockport, Ky., and son Joe F. Smith of Chicago, Ill., who have been spending the past several weeks with relatives and friends in Lancaster, Wis., have returned to the former's home at Rockport, Ky. Young Mr. Joe Smith will be the guest of his father and sister Mrs. A. D. Park while in Rockport.

Miss Minnie McIntyre left last week for Evansville, Ind., to visit her sister, Mrs. Chas. Sturgeon, and she will probably locate there. For several years past Miss McIntyre has been head operator in the Home Telephone Exchange here, and no one ever made a more popular or efficient "hello girl." She is a splendid business woman, and her services will be valuable to any business concern that may secure them.

Ohio Tribe No. 188, I. O. R. M., met Wednesday night with the largest attendance that has been had for several months. Visiting brothers were present from McHenry, Leitchfield and Centertown. The beautiful and impressive work was put on under the personal guidance of Degree Masters, Keown and Pendleton. Five were raised to the warriors degree and one paleface was adopted. Applications are still pouring in and the membership will soon reach one hundred. Thirteen applications were received for membership at the last meeting. After the quenching of the council fire an excellent lunch was spread. After which, long talks were had that were good.

County Union, A. S. of E.

The regular meeting of the County Union of the American Society of Equity will be held next Friday and Saturday April 3 and 4. Every Local Union in the county is urgently requested to send delegates. Matters of vast importance will come up for determination.

S. L. STEVENS, Pres. C. E. Smith Secy.

No Extra Pay For County Attorney.

Frankfort, Ky., March 24.—Claude B. Terrill, County Attorney of Trimble county loses in opinion handed down to-day by Judge Hobson fees which were allowed him by the Fiscal Court. The court holds that the County Attorney must do all the work of that office without extra compensation, and he cannot be given special fees for a suit to collect taxes. Terrill sued the Richmond Distillery Company and recovered taxes amounting to \$1,351, of which he was allowed 25 per cent. The court holds Terrill was entitled only to have his necessary expenses paid.

ADDRESSES TO-BACCO GROWERS

Our Narrows Correspondent Sees Danger in Lawlessness

Fight Won if Public Sympathy is Not Thrown Away at This Time.

To the Tobacco Growers of Kentucky.

Your State is in the throes of a revolution that threatens whole-sale destruction of property and life, and irreparable injury to the whole interests of our people. The police power of the commonwealth stands powerlessly helpless before the accumulating fury of the mob.

The military at best can but warm by the dying embers of the product of the wasteful torch or guard with solemn reverence the passing funeral cortege, and the local authorities are paralyzed with fear, or inactive from reluctant sympathy.

Such conditions cannot long endure. Either the friends or the enemies of the tobacco growers must determine it. By which of these agencies will you have it done? But first a little inquiry into the cause of these disturbances. The tobacco growers had exhausted their lands, robbed their children of education and their families of the meaneast comforts of life to pour floods of wealth into the tills of the tobacco trust. Awakened at last through the education of organization to the enormity of the crime, of which they had been the unhappy victims, human passion broke through their coarser members into frenzied violence. Without in any way condoning lawlessness, I hope it is not a crime to see in this but another example of men working out their destiny by that law that knows no appeal. Speaking for no organization for no man, but for myself I favor relief to the tobacco growers from their soulless and conscienceless robbers by the least violent means possible to attain it. But the attention of the world has now been called, with thundering emphasis, to the growers oppression and how firmly the sympathy of the public has been won is more than proven by the immunity from punishment by the knight's of the gun, the hoe and the torch. But enough, popular sympathy is strained to the breaking point.

Another day of these violent excesses, that are discarding even the decency of the mob, and public sympathy will be turned to public wrath and all is lost. The jails and penitentiaries will be filled with new and old offenders, and every tobacco grower in the state must share in the popular odium.

Public sympathy, without which no labor union ever won a fight, once thoroughly outraged will be slow to subject itself to the second insult. The night riders have played a violent lawless but maybe a necessary part in the royal battle between the growers and the trust but the final issue approaches and if the day is saved to the growers it must be saved at once and saved by those growers who have taken no part but who have tolerated the outrages and you alone can restore peace to the state. They have operated by your tolerance and without criticising such tolerance, I say the time has come to call off your dogs of war. What the governor cannot do, what Washington will not do, you can do in a day.

Perhaps your enemies will see in my position a public indictment of you. If so I indict myself along with you and I am proud of the indictment, and yet I am only stating what every one knows to be true and few will admit.

I repeat the fight is approaching issue. Popular wrath or your own conservative conduct must determine the result. Will you set about a methodical practical solution and win the last good will of the state and nation or will you allow a few of your turbulent fellows to bring your cause to ruin and your avocation to disgrace?

Let every tobacco grower who has not indulged in these disorders publicly announce to-morrow that order must be restored and that he must offer his personal assistance to the authorities to suppress it and the stillness of to-morrow night will not be broken by the stealthy tread of the terror-striking night bands.

J. H. THOMAS.

Notice.

To all locals of A. S. of E. in Fordville magisterial District I call a meeting at Fordville Saturday April 14 10 a. m. I wish that each local be represented by a delegate.

J. C. OVERTON, Ch'm'n.

SMALLHOUS.

March 25.—Rev. G. H. Lawrence, of Beaver Dam, filled his regular appointment at Smallhouse Baptist church Saturday evening and Sunday morn-

Millinery Suggestions.



The mere announcement that Spring Hats are ready is enough to make us think of sunshine, flowers, bright, shining faces, made bright perhaps by the purchase of one of our milliner's creations, modeled after new and up-to-date Imported Patterns.

Our Miss Moseley is better prepared to suit your wants in a new Spring Hat than ever before. All the novelties are here—the big Sailors, the "Merry Widow" Hat, and some of the prettiest braided and Leghorn Hats ever shown.

Formal opening April 3 and 4, but will be pleased to take your order at any time.



BARNARD & CO.,
Hartford, - Ky.



BARGAINS AT J. C. Iler's Grocery.

JUST A LITTLE FUN PAST TIME AND AMUSEMENT.	6 Bars Fels Naptha Soap	25c
AS THE PANIC IS ON, AND WE SURE DO NEED THE MONEY, WE WILL SELL FOR THE REST OF THE MONTH, BEGINNING WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES AT REDUCED PRICES:	3 Cans Pure Jam	25c
3 Barrels Tacks	2 Packages Evaporated Apples	25c
3 Boxes Matting Tacks	5 Pounds Apple Butter	25c
40 Clothes Pins	7 Pkgs. Arm and Hammer Soda	25c
2 Packages Envelopes	8 Pounds Crushed Hominy	25c
7 Penny pieces Candy	4 Pounds Prunes	25c
1 Dozen boxes Matches	4 Pounds Red Kidney Beans	25c
5 Mouse Traps	4 Pounds Butter Beans	25c
One 2 pound box Oatmeal	Four No. 2 Lamp Chimneys	25c
5 Pounds Keg Soda	1 Kitchen Lamp, Burner, Chimney and Wick	25c
One 15-cent Can Salmon	4 Cans Corn	25c
One 15c box of Mince-meat	3 Boxes N. B. C's Cakes	25c
Three 5c Lead Pencils	6 Cakes Ivory Soap	25c
Three No. 1 Lamp Chimneys	7 Cakes Lenox Soap	25c
1 Large Flowered Lamp Chimney	One 5-ply 30c Broom	25c
One pound Chocolate Candy	3 Plugs Tobacco	25c
2 Boxes Baby Elite Polish	1 Bushel Six Weeks Potatoes	\$1.10
2 Boxes Bossola Polish	1 Bushel Early Rose Potatoes	\$1.10
Breakfast Bacon, per pound	10 Pounds Pure Hog Lard	\$1.10
2 Cans Oysters	1 Dozen Cans Tomatoes	90c
2 Cans Corn	25 Rose Cigars	90c
Two 10c size Shred Coconut	9 Pounds 15c roasted Coffee	\$1.00
2 Pounds Crackers	6 Pounds 20c Roasted Coffee	\$1.00
Two No. 2 Lamp Burners	20 Pounds Alice Clarified Sugar	\$1.00
2 Dozen Sour Pickles	1 Barrel best Patent Flour	\$5.50
3 Cakes Lane Oil Buttermilk Soap	1 Barrel straight Patent Flour	\$5.25
1 Assortment of Pipes, each	1 Dozen Cans Greenwich Lye	80c
1 Glass Buttermold	1 Dozen Cans Hudson Lye	80c
1 Glass Lamp Burner	One 50c Coffee Mill	35c
1 Box Cocoa	One 50c Wire Rat Trap	35c
6 Pkgs. D.M. Ferry's Garden Seeds	2 Pounds full Cream Cheese	35c
1/2 Pound Royal Baking Powders	3 Lbs. choice Evaporated Peaches	40c
2 1/2 Pounds Sausage	3 Boxes Shred Wheat Biscuit	35c
2 1/2 Pounds Candy	3 Boxes Grape Nuts	35c

ing. He was in our midst from Friday 'till Monday.

The Sunday schools will begin at the Baptist church and Equality the first Sunday in April.

Mr. William Ball and family were the guests of Mr. Herbert Ball and family near Ceralvo Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Alice Fulekrson is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Erskine Fulekrson, who is quite ill.

Misses Bera Ross, Sallie Curtis and Nettie Geiger, Centertown, were the guests of Miss Ethel Huntr recently.

Messrs. J. R. Hunter and James Drake were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Wood, Ceralvo, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hill and children and Miss Flaudie Davis were the guests of Mr. M. P. Maddox and family Sunday.

Mr. Alva Calloway was at the bedside of his aunt Mrs. Linda Cummings, near Hopewell who is very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry Bishop, were the guests of Mr. M. P. Maddox and family Sunday.

Mr. Herschel King spent a few days in Hartford last week the guest of relatives.

Mr. Hallis Tichenor went to Central City last Tuesday.

Mr. George Geiger Centertown was in our midst several days last week.

Mr. Herman Brown, Echols was the guest of his aunt Mrs. Verge Curtis Saturday night and Sunday.

I am yours truly,

CLEVE ILLER,
Hartford, Ky.

AN EXTRA SESSION

This May Be the Outcome of Placing the County Unit Bill on the Shelf.

THERE IS STRONG TALK OF THIS

Governor Willson Is Said to Have Pronounced Views on Failure of Legislature to Enact Certain of His Favorite Measures—How the Kibosh Was Put on the County Bill.

Frankfort, Ky., March 10.—And now the county bill is dead, unless an extra session is called to pass it. The bill passed the house and would have passed the senate had it ever reached a vote, but a parliamentary ruse was adopted to prevent it ever reaching a vote. The few whisky Democrats in the senate hold the balance of power and they were willing to do anything to anybody or for anybody to defeat the county unit bill. The other Democrats were told that if they did not help kill the bill the whisky Democrats would unite with the Republicans and pass the Republican redistricting bills, the bills to oust all the Democrats from the offices at the prisons and asylums, and the bill authorizing grand juries of any county to investigate penal offenses in any other county in the state. This put the Democrats up against a tough proposition, for most of them wanted to vote for the unit bill. They had but one alternative, however, to let the Republicans have all the offices and the next legislature, or put the unit bill on the shelf. They put the unit bill on the shelf. Speaking of the county unit bill, there seems to be much apprehension as to the real meaning of the bill. The last legislature passed a county unit bill that applied to every county in the state except those containing cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes, these cities being given the right to vote on the local option question separately from the county in which they are situated. What is called the county unit bill this session is a bill to extend the provisions of the law passed two years ago, so that no city shall have the right to vote on the liquor question separately from the county. The cities claim that it is unjust to allow a county to vote away a big slice of their income and thereby force them to increase their tax rate, and that it is taxation without representation. The county people claim that the saloons in the cities affect the morals of the county and the country people ought to have the right to vote to close up the saloons. This is the bone of contention.

There is strong talk of an extra session being called by Governor Willson for the purpose of having the county unit bill the redistricting bills and several other bills enacted, and some of the governor's close friends say he will call it. The governor himself remains silent, but the frequency with which he has urged the passage of these bills looks very much like he is in the frame of mind to order the extra session.

It was believed that no further school-book legislation would be necessary in Kentucky for many years, but the senate has just passed a bill on the subject, and the funny part about it is that no one seems to know just exactly what will be accomplished by it, though it is claimed that the only object is to give cities and towns more latitude than they now have in the adoption of school-books. The bill provides that there shall be no maximum price fixed for books as under the existing law, but that the price charged by the book companies for the books shall be no greater than that charged for books of the same quality sold in other states. An amendment offered by Senator Newman was adopted, providing that no maximum price shall be fixed for any particular book, but the prices on a series of books shall not be higher than the following: Spelling-books, 16 cents; readers, \$1.90; arithmetics, \$1; language lessons, 40 cents; writing books, 32 cents; composition, 60 cents; geography, \$1.45; physiology, 85 cents; United States history, \$1.20; history of Kentucky, 60 cents; civil government, 40 cents; grammars, 45 cents.

It is said here that Ginn & Co., of Chicago are pushing the bill and that the American Book company is fighting it, so the bill must be in the interest of a book company rather than in the interest of the schools. It developed in the argument in the senate that someone interested in the passage of the bill had, early in the session, forged a letter purporting to be signed by former State Superintendent Fuqua and mailed a copy to every member of the legislature. The spurious letter stated that legislation along the lines provided for in the above bill ought to be passed in the interest of better schools. Senator Linn read a letter from Prof. Fuqua, who is now in Texas, saying he never wrote such a letter and never heard of it, and that it was a base forgery. Strenuous efforts are being made to push the bill through the house, but it will take clever work to pass it.

The natural love of a Kentuckian for a racehorse was demonstrated in the senate a few days ago when the bill known as the Wilhelm anti-poolroom bill was up for passage. The bill was mainly intended to effectually put a

stop to the betting on horse races in poolrooms, but it incidentally put a stop to betting on all racetracks in Kentucky. The senate was willing to stamp out the poolroom evil, but the abolishment of betting on racetracks meant there would be no more racing in this state, so the bill was amended by putting in the following section: "This act shall not apply to racetracks that are licensed by the state racing commission nor to trotting races that are conducted by a regularly organized association." Senator Jack Chinn made a speech for the amendment and said if it was not adopted the bill would destroy the breeding industry in Kentucky, that was worth many millions of dollars. Senator Burnam spoke along the same lines and said the men who trained and developed horses must have an incentive and that whenever a prize horse was developed it added to the value of all the horses in Kentucky; that poolrooms were vile places where the lower grades of people congregated the year round, and should be suppressed, while race meetings were attended by the best people accompanied by their wives and daughters, and was a festive holiday occasion that should not be abolished. The bill passed the senate by a vote of 33 to 4, and if it passes the house, as it is believed it will, poolrooms and hand-book betting on races will soon be a thing of the past.

The Crecelius tobacco bill has passed both the house and senate and is now in the hands of Governor Willson. It was thought by some that because Senator Burnam, who is a close friend of the governor's, opposed the bill so ardently in the senate, that probably the governor will veto it, but it is hardly probable he will do so. The bill provides a fine from \$50 to \$250 for anyone who sells his tobacco after he has pledged it or pooled it, and the same fine for anyone who knowingly buys pledged or pooled tobacco. The friends of the bill claim it will remove the cause for the "night riding," and therefore will effectually stop it. Senator Burnam said it was a dangerous thing to penalize the violation of a civil contract, and he believed the bill would not serve any good purpose. A companion bill to the Crecelius measure has also passed both houses. It provides a fine of from \$100 to \$500 for anyone who sells or transfers property where the possession is in one person and the title in another.

The famous McChord tobacco bill has passed the house and is now waiting its turn in the senate. This bill provides that any person or corporation engaged in the business of purchasing or manufacturing tobacco in this state shall pay a license tax equal to 10 cents on each 1,000 pounds of tobacco bought or manufactured in this state, the amount of the license to be determined by the commissioner of agriculture, and provides a fine of from \$100 to \$1,000 a day where such business is conducted without a license. It is claimed that this bill will be defeated in the senate, and that if it should pass it will likely be vetoed by the governor.

A few days ago there was much bitter feeling and political scheming over the seven contested seats in the house. It was claimed that the sitting members should be unseated at once because they had been unfairly elected. Attorneys were here constantly urging that the vote be taken to decide these contests, as it was a grave injustice to keep these men out of the seats they were rightfully entitled to occupy. "But, oh, what a difference in the morning," as soon as the senatorial race was over everything quieted down and on last Thursday all the contests were by agreement decided in favor of the sitting members, and not a single contestant won a seat. Why? Because there was no longer any need for an extra vote to win the race for United States senator. Of the seven contests three were against Democrats and four against Republicans, so without questioning the merits or demerits of any one of the contestants, they just called it a tie and sent all the contestants home with their fingers in their mouths. That's politics.

The following bills have passed the senate during the past week:

Bill increasing the per capita for the inmates of the State School of Reform from \$100 to \$140.

Bill appropriating \$65,000 to pay a deficit in the operating expenses of the School of Reform and to erect necessary new buildings and machinery.

Senator Neil's "anti-bootlegging" bill, which provides that a distiller shall sell whisky in local option districts only to licensed wholesale dealers.

Watson bill increasing the annual appropriation for the State Board of Health from \$5,000 to \$25,000.

Combs bill appropriating \$10,000 to restore the Henry Clay monument in the Lexington cemetery.

The following bills passed the house in the past few days:

Bill to provide punishment for persons having in their charge children who are truants.

Bill to raise the standard of lawyers by providing for a state board of examiners to be appointed by the court of appeals.

Bill authorizing fifth-class towns to issue bonds to pay off their indebtedness.

Bill changing the time to Dec. 1 for the penalty to go on state taxes.

What He Was Waiting For.

A mysterious stranger with lower brow and menacing glare, stood alongside one of the shoemaking exhibits in a department store recently and watched the shoemaker at work. For a long time he stood there, never shifting his glance steadily at the bench workman, watching him put handful after handful of tacks in his mouth and gradually empty each maw load into a shoe sole. Finally a store detective became suspicious, and after keeping an eye on the fellow for a while went over to him and asked him what he meant by his actions. "Oh, nothing," answered the man. "I just waiting to see what will happen to that shoemaker should he sneeze when he has a mouthful of tacks." —Philadelphia Record.

Some Pointers.

For your health, keep out in the open air as much as possible; for your religion, keep faith in your neighbor; and for your mental advancement, keep up the practice of engaging in conversation each day with some one whom you know to be your superior.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Peterson*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Wisdom of the Bee.

We marvel at what we call the wisdom of the hive bee yet their is one thing she never learns from experience writes John Burroughs in the Atlantic and that is that she is storing up honey for the use of man. She could not learn this because such knowledge is not necessary to her own well being. Neither does she ever know when she has enough to carry her through the winter. This knowledge, again is not important. Gather and store honey as long as there is any to be had is her motto, and in that rule she is safe.

Feed For Horses.

A colt or horse will live and develop on good hay alone. He will thrive better upon a two-third ration of hay and the rest straw. If given a ration of oats with these and be changed occasionally to corn and bran, ground barley etc., the advantages of a mixed ration will be strongly in evidence.

Insect With Springboard Nose.

Among the curious insects of the Malay Peninsula is one called the lantern fly, which is remarkable for its sudden leaps made without the aid of its wings it was only after the first specimens of this queer insect were carried to London for examination that it was discovered that a curious projection on the front of its head, a kind of nose with a crease in it was the leaping organ. When bent back under the abdomen and suddenly released it sent the insect flying.

Call for Republican State Convention.

The Republican State Central meeting at Louisville Tuesday called a State Convention to meet in Louisville Wednesday May 6 at one o'clock P. M. to select four delegates from the State at large to the Chicago Convention at which a Republican candidate for President will be nominated. No attempt was made to pass resolutions endorsing Taft or Fairbanks for President, and the meeting was harmonious throughout. Louisville and Lexington were placed in nomination for the Convention, the former city being winner.

Following is the call and member of delegates each county is entitled to send to State and district conventions.

In accordance with established custom and in obedience to the rules governing the Republican organization of Kentucky and the official call of the Republican National Committee, the Republican State Central Committee of Kentucky now directs that a State convention of delegated representatives of the Republican party of Kentucky be held in the city of Louisville Ky., at 1 o'clock p. m., standard time, on Wednesday, the sixth day of May, 1908 for the purpose of electing four delegates from the State of Kentucky-at-large, and four alternate delegates-at-large to the National Convention of the Republican party, to be held in Chicago Ill., on Tuesday, June 16, 1908, and for the purpose of nominating two electors from said State-at-large, to be voted for at the election to be held November 3, 1908.

The delegates to said State convention shall be elected by county mass-conventions to be held in the county seat in each county at 1 o'clock, standard time on Saturday April 25 1908, except in the counties of Boyd, Campbell and Kenton in which counties conventions shall be held at the cities of Ashland, Newport and Covington, respectively, and provided that in Jefferson county said mass-convention shall be held in each of the wards of the city of Louisville and for the county outside the limits of said city, which latter meeting may be held in said city. One delegate shall be elected for each 100 votes or fraction thereof, amounting to fifty or over, cast for the Republican electors in such county at the presidential election in 1904. The form of voting at said county or ward mass-conventions, shall be

by ballot in each county in which the county committee provides for the election of county committeemen by ballot at county or ward mass-conventions, and said elections of delegates in counties which elect county committeemen by county or ward mass-conventions shall be held by the same officers who conduct the election of county committeemen. In counties which do not elect county committeemen by ballot the form of voting for such delegates shall be viva voce.

The Republican Congressional District Committee of each congressional district will, as directed by the call of the Republican National Committee meet and direct the holding of a congressional district convention in such district for the purpose of electing two district delegates and two alternates to said National Convention and said committee is hereby directed to provide in its call for the election of one member of the State Central Committee and for the nomination of one elector, to be voted for at said national election.

And it is hereby recommended that the delegates to said district convention be elected at the same time and in the same manner as the delegates to said State convention.

Said State Central Committee further directs that except as hereinafter provided in each and every county the new members of the Republican county committee shall be elected by precinct meetings which precinct meetings shall be held at 1 o'clock p. m. standard time on Saturday May 2 1908 in the manner prescribed in Rule 2 of the Rules of the Republican organization of Kentucky except, however that in each county in which said county committee determines that such members of such County Committee shall be elected by county or ward mass-conventions such mass-conventions shall be held in such county at the same time and place at which delegates are elected to said State convention, to wit on Saturday, April 25, at 1 o'clock p. m. standard time.

DELEGATE VOTE.

The number of delegates to said State convention apportioned to each of the various countise of Kentucky is as follows:

Adair	17	Laurel	22
Allen	18	Lawrence	29
Anderson	10	Lee	9
Ballard	6	Leslie	11
Barren	21	Letcher	10
Bath	13	Lewis	24
Bell	18	Lincoln	16
Boone	6	Livingston	8
Bourbon	21	Logan	23
Boyd	25	Lyon	7
Boyle	13	Madison	28
Bracken	12	Magoffin	14
Breathitt	8	Marion	12
Breckenridge	24	Marshall	9
Bullitt	6	Martin	9
Butler	23	Mason	20
Caldwell	14	McCracken	24
Callaway	8	McLean	12
Campbell	58	Meade	8
Carlisle	5	Menifee	5
Carroll	5	Mercer	15
Carter	24	Montgomery	1
Casey	16	Metcalfe	11
Christian	39	Monroe	16
Clark	17	Morgan	11
Clay	17	Muhlenberg	25
Clinton	9	Nelson	13
Crittenden	17	Nicholas	11
Cumberland	10	Ohio	31
Daviess	34	Oldham	5
Edmonson	12	Owen	8
Elliott	6	Owsley	11
Estill	13	Pendleton	12
Fayette	39	Perry	10
Fleming	17	Pike	25
Floyd	12	Powell	6
Franklin	14	Pulaski	37
Fulton	6	Robertson	4
Gallatin	3	Rockcastle	16
Garrard	14	Rowan	8
Grant	11	Russell	11
Graves	16	Scott	17
Grayson	22	Shelby	16
Green	12	Simpson	9
Greenup	20	Spencer	5
Hancock	10	Taylor	11
Hardin	17	Todd	16
Harlan	14	Trigg	13
Harrison	15	Trimble	4
Hart	18	Union	11
Henderson	23	Warren	27
Henry	14	Washington	14
Hickman	7	Wayne	16
Hopkins	28	Webster	15
Jackson	16	Whitley	32
Jefferson	217	Wolfe	7
Jessamine	12	Woodford	13
Johnson	19	Total number	
Kenton	63		
Knox	5	delegates 2,055	
Knox	22	Necessary to	
LaRue	9	choice ..	1,028

RICHARD P. ERNST, Ch'm'n.
ALVIS S. BENNETT, Sec.

Candy for the Battle Ship.

Fifteen thousand pounds of highgrade bonbons were shipped to the supply ship the Culgoa, of Admiral Evan's fleet, early in the great voyage to Magdala Bay. But this amount of candy was not regarded by naval men as at all excessive. In the separate canteen of the battleships there was probably much greater quantity of bonbons. The Culgoa's 15,000 pounds was an extra lot taken as a precaution against exhausted stock of a necessity of life in the various ships. The attitude toward candy has changed in late years. It is no longer thought childish

One of the Four Hundred

Styles of wolens is waiting your choice at our place. We can suit the most particular man. Come over to our place just as soon as possible and we will certainly make it interesting for you without even asking for your order. We have the nerve to think that you will ask us to measure you up, even without saying a word to you about it, because our samples and prices talk for themselves. We also clean ladies' and gentlemen's clothes in a satisfactory way.

CLUB RATE \$1.00 PER MONTH.

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THE PANTIORUM.
E. R. Tweddell, Proprietor.

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or effeminate to eat bonbons.

The medical corps of both services recommend sweets to the men and the commissary makes it easy for them to get the best. Pure candy, and especially chocolate bonbons of high grade, are said to lessen the appetite for strong drink and form one of the best and most nutritious energy-producing foods known.

They are especially recommended for consumption in the hot counties. When the army of occupation in the Philippines was larger than it now is shipments three times as large as the one to the Culgoa were made to Manila.

Daily Courier-Journal
\$6.00 A YEAR
Sunday Courier-Journal
\$2.00 A YEAR

We can give you a combination cut rate on these if you will write this paper.

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD

and strictly prohibits
the sale of alum
baking powder—

So does France
So does Germany

The sale of alum foods
has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Colum-
bia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as
injurious.

To protect yourself against alum,
when ordering baking powder,

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

and be very sure you get Royal.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape
Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and whole-
someness of the food.



CONSOLIDATION NOT YET EFFECTED

Between Factions of Organ-
ized Tobacco Growers

But There is a Probability That
an Agreement Will Be
Reached.

There have been several confer-
ences of tobacco growers held in Ow-
ensboro during the past few days,
some of them participated in by
members of both the Home ware-
house and A. S. of E. factions of the
organization growers, others by mem-
bers of only one or the other of the
factions.

The report was current Monday
that a consolidation of the factions
had been decided upon and would be
consummated at the Green River dis-
trict meeting of the A. S. of E. to be
held in Owensboro on Thursday of
next week. Persons who participated
in the conference have been reluct-
ant to make any statement and noth-
ing has been given out officially, ex-
cept the following statement, made last
night by George M. Taylor, secretary
of the Green River Equity (Home)
Warehouse company, in order to cor-
rect the misleading report that has
been circulated. Mr. Taylor said:

"The statement that all factions
of the tobacco growers have decided
to unite is decidedly premature. Some
of us have been trying for several
days to devise some plan to submit
to the people upon which it might be
possible for all to unite, but so far
we have been unable to find a basis
upon which we thought all could
agree."

There appears to be some possi-
bility that consolidation or, at least
concerted action may be affected.
That branch of the organization
which calls itself the "regular" A. S.
of E., has, for some time past, been
approaching the mode of manage-
ment practiced by the Home Ware-
house association. In fact, the sale
of the 1907 crop of tobacco was
made under Home warehouse rules
and not under old line Equity rules.
Recently, several of the most valient
champions of the foreign system of
finance and warehousing have an-
nounced that the old plan was not
the best.

It appears practically certain that,
if there is to be a reorganization or
consolidation, it will be largely
along the lines heretofore mapped out
by the Home warehouse people.

Two Equity meetings will be held
in Owensboro next week.—Owensboro
Messenger.

The Misses Marks Entertain.

Wednesday afternoon, March 25, was
a typical spring afternoon and two
o'clock found the members and guests
of the social club at the hospitable
home of Misses Lettie and Margaret
Marks. This was decidedly a yellow
entertainment. The rooms were arti-
stically and profusely decorated in jon-
quills. The tallies were jonquills done
in water colors. The ladies at the
alternate tables played double flinch
while the others played single flinch.
After thirteen games a most deligh-
tful luncheon of two courses was serv-
ed. Cream chicken, with mushrooms,
fruit salad, sliced tomatoes, latticed

DEPUTY SHERIFF SHOT BY AN INSANE MAN

Who Fired Upon Him From A
Hole In Corner of
House.

Owensboro, Ky., March 24.—James
Weir deputy in the Sheriff's office,
and one of the the most popular
young men of Owensboro was shot and
seriously wounded this afternoon by
Joe Hayden, an insane man, at Ma-
sonville, about twelve miles from town.
Mr. Weir lies at the city hospital to-
night with about 100 shot in his left
side. He is very weak from the loss
of blood and at present it is impos-
sible to tell the extent of his wounds.

Mr. Weir is cashier in Sheriff Harl's
office. This afternoon Deputy Sheriff
Head asked him if he did not want to
accompany him to Masonville to ar-
rest Joe Hayden, who was violently in-
sane. Weir agreed to go and they left
Owensboro about noon arriving at
Hayden's house shortly after 2 o'clock.
As Weir was walking toward the house
he remarked to Head: "Suppose that
man should shoot us?" No sooner had
he made the remark than the report
of a gun was heard and Weir fell to
the ground. Hayden had fired a shot-
gun from a hole in the corner of the
house. Weir heard him call his wife
to hand him another cap for the gun.
Weir was able to get up and run, but
soon fell from exhaustion, and a man
passing in a buggy conveyed him to
a nearby farmhouse, where a physi-
cian was summoned.

Dr. W. F. Stirman, a trained nurse
and a number of Weir's friends from
Owensboro went to the scene of the
shooting in automobiles. The wound-
ed man was brought to the city hospi-
tal.

Hayden is still barricaded in his
home. His son reported to the neigh-
bors that his father has a gun and
ammunition and will resist arrest.
About three years ago Hayden was re-
leased from the asylum. He has lived
with his family on a farm which he
owns, and has always been regard-
ed as dangerous. Mr. Weir is a son
of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Weir and a
grandson of the late James Weir. He
is prominent in social and business
circles of Owensboro.

LATER.

A short while after young Weir was
shot Hayden fled from his house in
the direction of Utica. The next morn-
ing about 9 o'clock a few miles west
of Utica Hayden shot Charley Bartlett.
Young Bartlett did not know Hayden
and had not even heard of his having
shot Deputy Sheriff Weir. The young
man was on his way from his home to
his work in a distant field, and was
taken completely by surprise, when a
man whom he did not know rose up
from a fence corner and fired at
him striking him in the left arm but
inflicting only a flesh wound. Young
Bartlett at once ran away from Hay-
den and went to the home of Dr.
John R. Trunnell, near by.

Notice to Republicans.

Persuant to the direction of the Re-
publican State Central Committee the
time for holding precinct mass-con-
ventions to elect members of the county
committee is changed from March
7th to May, 2nd-1908. It is therefore
ordered that the Republicans of
Ohio county Assemble at their several
voting places at 1 o'clock on Saturday
May 2, 1908 for the purpose of select-
ing members of the county executive
committee.

M. S. RAGLAND, Ch'm'n.
By J. M. DEWESE, Sec.

BEAVER DAM.

March 24.—Rev. Vilgil Elgin began
a series of meetings at the M. E.
Church South Sunday, Rev. Ragsdale
of Louisville is conducting the sing-
ing.

Mr. S. B. VanMeter of Central City
spent Sunday with his family here,
he is going to move with his family
to Central City at once.

Mrs. E. W. Taylor was in Green-
ville last Friday.

Miss Isabel Bean of Owensboro spent
Sunday and Monday with her parents
here.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jno. H. Bar-
nes on the 25th, inst a big fine
boy.

Messrs. E. P. Barnes & Bros. of this
place shipped a car load of chickens
last Wednesday.

OLATON.

March 26.—Rev. R. W. Oldham filled
his regular appointment at the Baptist
Church Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Essie and Bertha Crawford
were the guests of their friends Misses
Ada and Jessie McDaniel Saturday and
Sunday.

Sunday school was organized here
Saturday.

Dr. J. S. Bean went to Leitchfield
and Clarkson Sunday night return-
ing Monday.

Little Miss Mabel Stone is visiting
in Fordsville this week.

Rev. and Mrs. F. M. Farris went to
Friedland Monday shopping, return-
ed Tuesday.

Leo, McDaniel, Beaver Dam, is visit-

ing his sister Mrs. Fred Faught this
week.

Master Marvin Stone went to Fords-
ville Monday returning at night.

Miss Manda Taylor spent Sunday
with friends at Horse Branch.

Mr. Fred Faught went to Beaver
Dam Tuesday.

Miss Stella Daniel went to Fords-
ville Wednesday.

Mr. L. D. Ragland of near Horton
is visiting Mr. Sam Farris and fam-
ily. He was accompanied here by his
daughter little Miss Annie who is visit-
ing her friend Miss Flossie Allen.

Mr. James Hall Rockport moved
near here Tuesday.

Dr. J. S. Bean went to Hartford
Wednesday to visit his parents Dr.
and Mrs. L. B. Bean.

Jim Daniel Central City is the guest
of his brother T. W. Daniel and fam-
ily.

Mrs. Allen Allen and niece Miss
Mary Mall spent Wednesday and
Thursday with the former's sister, Mrs.
M. Hall.

Little Phlosia Daniel the little daugh-
ter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Daniel fell
Wednesday afternoon striking her head
against the door. Making a gash
nearly 2 inches long above the eye.

Furs--Wanted--Furs.

Dealers and trappers will make mon-
ey by shipping their Furs to us. Sell
direct to manufacturers. Over forty
years in business. No commission
charged. Highest Market Prices and
prompt returns. Isaac Rosenbaum &
Sons, 321-325 East Market St., Louis-
ville, Ky.

Made a Record.

"Yo' said in yo' sermon, Brother
Dickey, dat Jonah wuz eat up by de
whale?"

"I sho' did."

"Well, den, how comes he live ter
tell it?"

That seemed to stagger the old man,
but he gathered himself together and
replied:

"Dat's easy. You see, Jonah wuz de
first fisherman, an' he had ter make a
record!"—Atlanta Constitution.

An English View of Robert E. Lee.
General Robert E. Lee was indeed
fully Washington's equal as a hero and
a gentleman and much his superior as
a soldier. It is only in the larger polit-
ical or semipolitical sphere that he
stands lower and there perhaps only
because his opportunities were so
much smaller.—London Times Review
of Trevelyan's History.

What Dropped.

"I heard you let something drop in
the kitchen just now, Kate. Did you
break anything?" asked the lady of the
house when dinner was being served.
"Only one leg of the chicken,
ma'am!" replied the girl innocently.—
Charity.

Inquisitive.

Neil—I declare! That woman finds
out everything. I never knew any one
so inquisitive. Belle—That's right. I
believe she would even pump an organ.
—Philadelphia Record.

THE CRITIC'S SHRUG.

A Story of an Old Persian Poet and an
Aspiring Shah.

"To be fair," said a noted dramatic
critic, "is sometimes hard and cruel,
and sometimes it is rash. You know
there are reprisals. The unswerving
fair critic often takes up his pen with
the shrug of Omar, the old Persian
poet.

"You have heard of Omar's shrug?
No? Well, it was eloquent. The shah
once had sent for the old poet.

"Omar," he said, 'I have written
some verses. Listen, and I will read
them to you.'

"And he read the verses and in the
ensuing silence looked at Omar anx-
iously. 'Well?' he said.

"'Heaven born,' said Omar gently,
'each to his own calling. Scepter in
hand, you are most wise, just and
powerful, but pen in hand—' Omar
shook his head and chuckled. 'Heaven
born,' said he, 'such verses would dis-
grace a nine-year-old schoolboy.'

"His eyes flashing with wrath, the
shah shouted to his guards:
"To the stables with this old fool,
and let him be soundly flogged!"

"Yet the shah, for all, respected
Omar's judgment, and when, a week
later, another idea for a poem came to
his mind and was feverishly executed
he sent for the fearless and fair critic
again.

"'Another poem, Omar, a better
one. I'm sure you'll think it is a bet-
ter one,' he said wistfully. And he be-
gan to read the second poem to the old
man.

"But in the middle of the reading
Omar turned and started for the door.
"Where are you going?" said the
shah in amazement.

"Omar looked back and shrugged his
shoulders.
"To the stables,' he answered, 'for
another flogging.'"—Denver Repub-
lican.

Which of Them?

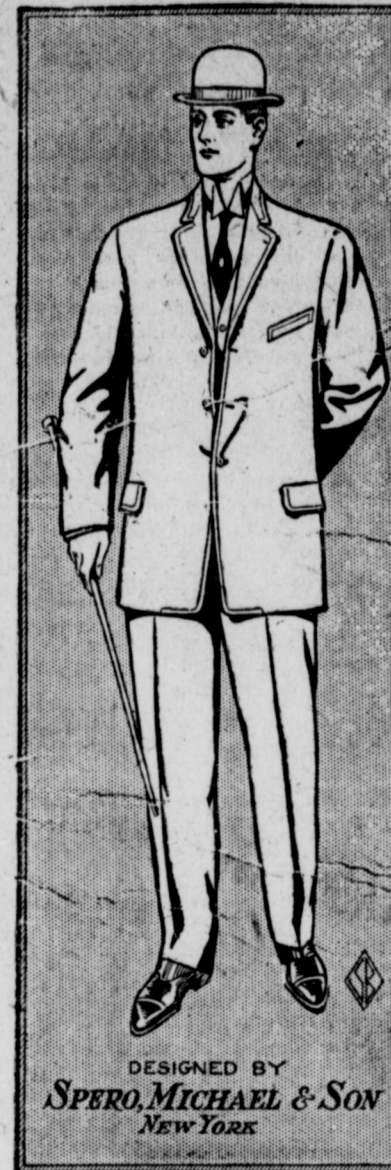
A certain two men are possessed of
exactly \$10,000.
One buys a modest house for \$4,000,
a modest business for \$3,000 and sells
the remainder of his money away
against a rainy day. The other puts
his entire \$10,000 into a motor car and
thereby acquires such credit that he
can have a house worth \$50,000 and be-
come a partner in a business paying
\$100,000 a year.

Assuming that both men have a wife
and some daughters, which of them
does to kick himself?—Puck.

Distinguished Arrivals.

We refer to the ar-
rival of our smart
Spring Suits. They
are on hand—just
landed—and we want
you to see them.

The more particular
you are about your
clothes, the more
you will enjoy look-
ing at these master-
pieces of the Tailor's
Art. Every detail in
cut, making and
trimming shows
plainly the excel-
lence of our Spring
Suits. Our prices
will at once convince
you that we are a
fair house to do bus-
iness with. We be-
gin the good work at
\$10 for a splendid
Wool Suit, and give
you plenty of chan-
ces for suit satisfac-
tion before we end
up at \$20. Every
one a bargain; every
one an exceptional
value. They must be seen and examined to
be fully apprecia-ted. Come and see.



DESIGNED BY
SPERO, MICHAEL & SON
New York

CARSON & CO.,
(Incorporated.)
Hartford, Ky.

CLEAR RUN.

March 24.—Sunday School was or-
ganized Sunday with Mr. J. L. Hoover
Supt., Mr. Luther Kink, assistant,
Ethel Funk Secretary and Miss Or-
phia Kink assistant Secretary.

The district meeting of the A. S. of
E. will meet here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hoover visited Mr.
and Mrs. J. E. Funk near Taffy Sun-
day.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Weller was at th
bedside of Mrs. Lizzie Harper yester-
day who is very ill.

Miss Cassie Hoover has returned
home after an extended visit to rela-
tives near Beaver Dam.

Rev. Fuqua and family are visiting
his parents at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruford and Mr. and
Mrs. Lin Bartlett of Evansville Ind.,
have moved in the house with their
father Mr. Spencer Bartlett of Taffy.

Mr. James Bartlett and family visit-
ed Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Stewart Sun-
day.

Mrs. Mary Newcom of the Washing-
ton neighborhood who has been at
Hartford for some time has returned
to her home.

Misses Minnie Johnson and Lara
Hoover were the guests of Misses
Tressie and Jessie Taylor Saturday an
Sunday.

er were the guests of Miss Tressie
and Jessie Taylor Saturday and Sun-
day.

Miss Lou Hoover was the guest of
Miss Iva Gray Saturday night and Sun-
day.

Miss Myrtle Park visited Miss Or-
phia King Sunday.

Girtle Park is visiting her uncle
Mr. Herbert Park near Deanfield.

The birth day dinner at Mr. Pat
Hoagland's last Tuesday was quite a
success a large crowd was present
all reported a good time.

FOR SALE!

The Fordsville College Hall
at Fordsville, Ky., a large
two-story frame building
with one and one-half acre of
land with a guaranteed title;
will be sold cheap if sold at
once. For further particu-
lars write to Aug Stampe,
Box 283, Washington, Mo.

MAGAN.

March 23.—Mr. StClair and family
of Olton and Miss Sadia StClair of
Dundee, were the guests of Mr. Charlie

Mills and wife Saturday and Sunday.
Miss Ludie Midkiff left the 15th, for
Bowling Green where she entered
school.

Miss Minnie Baughn who is attend-
ing school at Adaburg spent Saturday
and Sunday at home.

Mrs. James Magan who is very ill
is thought to be some better.

Miss Jessie Rock who has been visit-
ing her sister Mrs. Frank Pulliam, of
Patesville for several weeks returned
home last week.

Mr. W. A. Taul made a business trip
to Patesville last week.

The trustees of Magan and Sugar
Grove school district went to Hart-
ford Saturday in the interest of a
graded school the seminary to be built
in the center of the two combined
districts.

Mr. Claude Wright was the guests of
Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Denton Saturday
and Sunday.

Miss Alpha Baughn of Sunnysdale
spent last week with relatives and
friends at this place.

Mr. Henry Medcalf of Fordsville was
the guest of relatives here Sunday.

Mr. Estil Board and wife of Fords-
ville were the guests of Mrs. Lucretia
Midkiff and family Sunday.

Comes out Strongly for Harmony

April 2, being the regular time for
the quarterly meeting of the Green
river district, let me suggest that all
locals of the A. S. of E., whether in
good standing or otherwise, which
have heretofore been in good stand-
ing, get together and send one dele-
gate to the district meeting. This
meeting is a very important one, and
every local in the district should be
represented. We urge, particularly,
that each county send in its report
on acreage reduction that we may
determine how the district as a whole
stands on that question. Now is the
time for action. Let us have the
biggest and best meeting in the dis-
trict's history.

The difference between the home
warehouse people and the Louisville
warehouse people being practically
eliminated, and a general sentiment
that the two factions should get to-
gether, I take the responsibility of
urging that they, too, send delegates.
We want to do business, or at least
to get in shape to do business at this
meeting and seeing the futility of dis-
cord and dissention, let us all strive
to harmonize our energies in this ef-
fort to control the tobacco situation
in this district and to keep ever in
mind the text, "A house divided
against itself, cannot stand."

J. S. CULLIN, President.